

Italy and the Sustainable Development Goals

ASviS Report 2019

February 7th 2020 • Rome

Sala Conferenze Internazionali

Ministry for Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation (MAECI)



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The 2030 Agenda



The United Nations' Global Agenda and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs):

- 17 Goals
- 169 Targets
- 240+ indicators

Three principles:

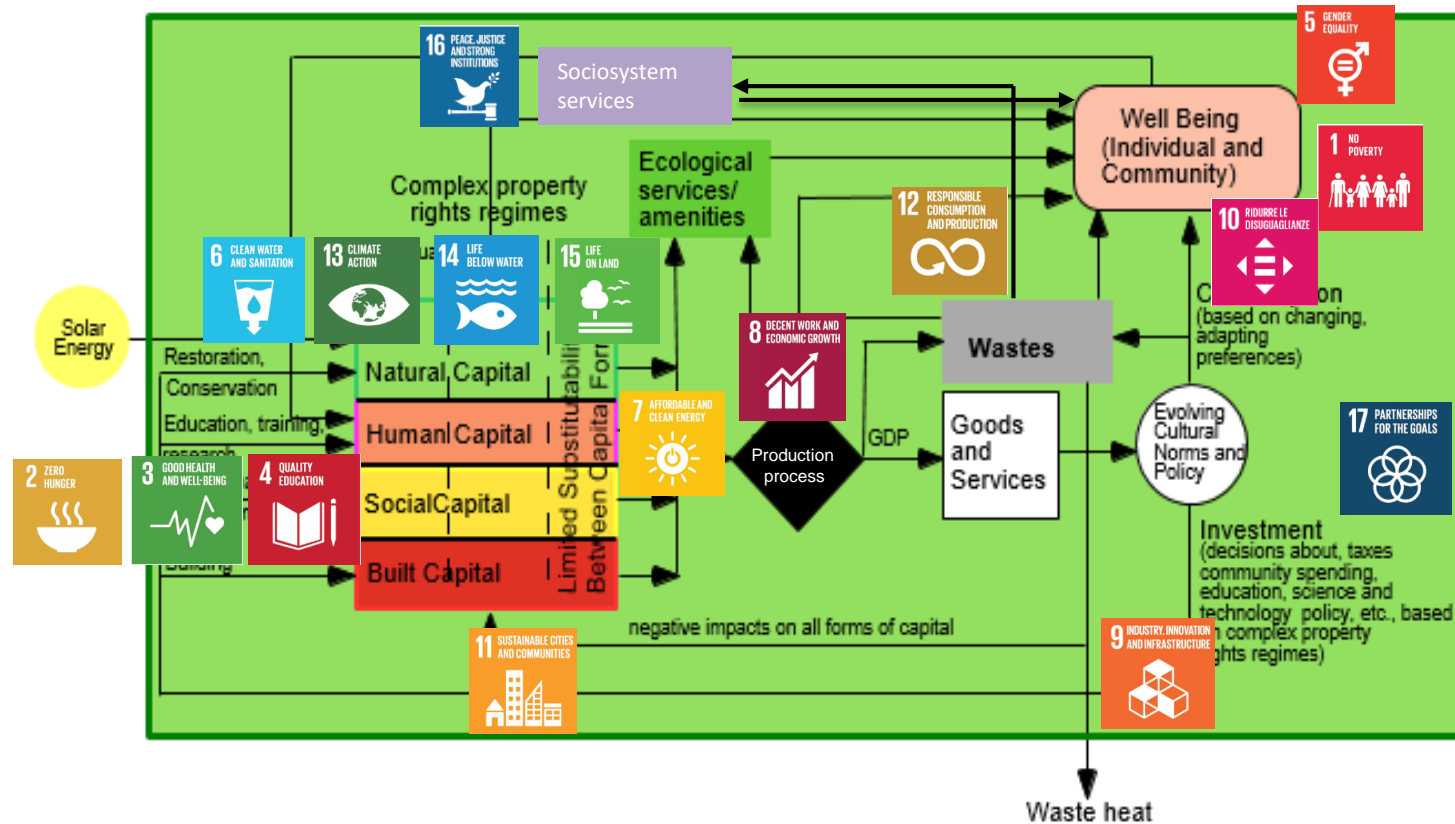
- Integration
- Universality
- Participation

An integrated vision of development, based on four pillars:

- Economy
- Society
- Environment
- Institutions



A new development paradigm



A new development paradigm

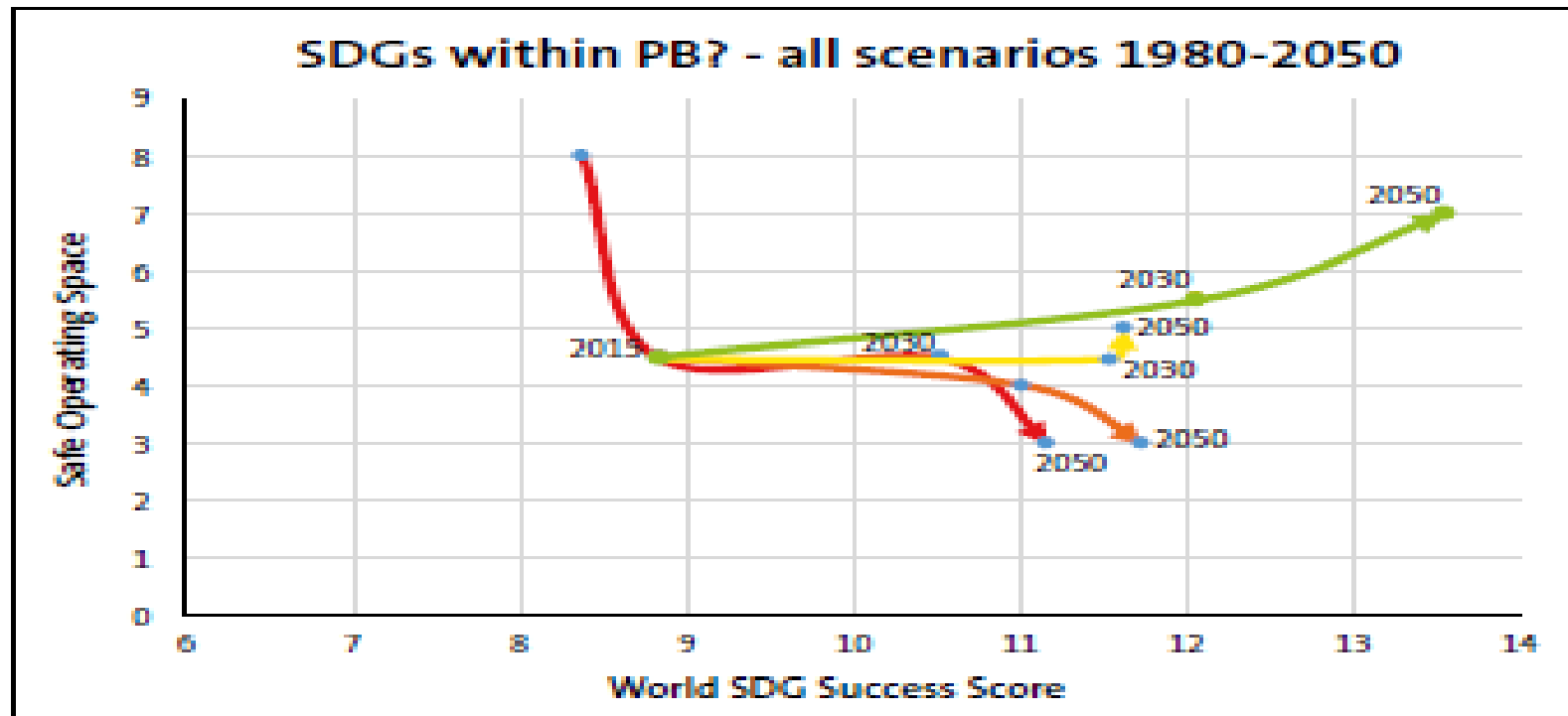


Figure 1.7 Achieving the SDGs within PBs: Only one of the four scenarios achieves the grand challenge of improving the world's SDG Success Score, without eroding Earth's Safety Margin.



A unique experience worldwide

- **ASviS was established on the 3rd of February 2016** with the aim of increasing the awareness of the Italian society about the importance of the 2030 Agenda, and to mobilize them in order to achieve the SDGs.
- It is the largest coalition ever established in Italy, with **more than 230 member organizations**.
- **A secretariat (20FTE), 20 working groups, 600 experts.**
- Daily updated **website**, weekly and monthly **newsletter**.
- **A wide range of activities:** education, advocacy, research, policy recommendations, etc.





Agenda 2030 ASviS Partecipia Articoli Festival Pubblicazioni Dati Eventi Media

per dare un futuro alla vita e valore al futuro

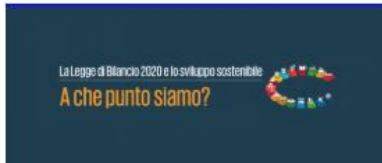
11. CITTÀ E COMUNITÀ SOSTENIBILI 12. CONSUMO E PRODUZIONE RESPONSABILI 13. LOTTA CONTRO IL CAMBIAMENTO CLIMATICO 14. VITA SOTT'ACQUA 15. VITA SULLA TERRA 16. PACE, GIUSTIZIA E ISTITUZIONI SALDE 17. PARTNERSHIP PER GLI OBIETTIVI 1. SOCCORRERE LE DISUGLIANZE



Global McKinsey Institute: Il cambiamento climatico ci costerà caro. Il think tank americano analizza gli impatti socio-economici del surriscaldamento globale. Sovraffollamento, ondate di calore, perdita di ore lavorative, svalutazione del capitale tra i possibili effetti. 5/2/20



304 persone sono morte nel 2019 per i diritti umani per l'ambiente. Un rapporto di Front line defenders indica che l'America Latina è l'area che garantisce meno protezione. Otto su dieci avevano già ricevuto minacce prima di essere uccisi, il 13% delle vittime è donna. 5/2/20



L'ASviS presenta l'analisi della Legge di Bilancio 2020 alla luce dell'Agenda 2030. Il 26 febbraio, all'Auditorium Parco della musica di Roma alle ore 14, l'Alleanza illustra lo studio che analizza gli impatti sullo sviluppo sostenibile della Legge di Bilancio varata dal governo italiano. 13/1/20



Alta sostenibilità: legislazione, finanziamenti e cooperazione nel Green new deal. Da Radio Radicale la rubrica dell'ASviS a cura di Valeria Manleri ed Elis Vettorec, ospiti Enrico Giovannini (ASviS), Benedetto Della Vedova (+Europa) e Antonia Carparelli (Rappresentanza in Italia della Commissione europea). 2/2/20



È online il sito del Festival dello sviluppo sostenibile 2020! Mancano meno di quattro mesi alla grande manifestazione sui temi dell'Agenda 2030. In tutta Italia dal 20 maggio al 5 giugno. Partecipa anche tu: visita festivalvilluppostenibile.it e proponi un evento! 30/01/20



Notizie sullo sviluppo sostenibile. Iniziativa Ansa e ASviS per un'informazione autorevole sullo sviluppo sostenibile. Con il contributo dell'Alleanza, prendi il portale d'informazione Ansa 2030 per "leggere" le interconnessioni tra fenomeni economici, sociali, ambientali e politici nell'ottica delle migliori scelte per il futuro". [VIDEO] 5/12/19



Home L'iniziativa Consumo e produzione responsabili Come attivarsi Gli eventi Media Contatti

SATURDAYS FOR FUTURE

CONSUMO E PRODUZIONE RESPONSABILI PER LO SVILUPPO SOSTENIBILE. METTIAMO MANO AL NOSTRO FUTURO

CONSUMO E PRODUZIONE RESPONSABILI PER LO SVILUPPO SOSTENIBILE. METTIAMO MANO AL NOSTRO FUTURO



I nuovi dati del questionario su produzione e consumo



Saturdays for Future: i risultati della seconda campagna



Junker: l'app che aiuta a differenziare i rifiuti. Separare correttamente i rifiuti e stare attenti alla raccolta differenziata è fondamentale per ridurre il proprio impatto



L'ASviS lancia il secondo Saturdays for Future. Torna il 30 novembre l'iniziativa che mira a sensibilizzare persone e imprese sul consumo e la



A unique experience worldwide



E-learning course on the 2030 Agenda, available also in English.





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Itarra, impegno contro il climate change. Costa, piano ambizioso

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Accessibilità
DISABILE: ADDIO MULTE IN ZTL AL LAVORO PER BANCA DATI UNICA
Piazza Cini si inventa con il ministero

Valori Condivisi
BANKITALIA E UNIONE CIECHI INCLUSIONE LAVORATIVA PER I NON VEDENTI
Cittadini: campo aperto di dialogo da

Valori Condivisi
LABORATORIO ARTIGIANO INCLUSIVO NEL MODENESE
Cittadini: campo aperto di dialogo da



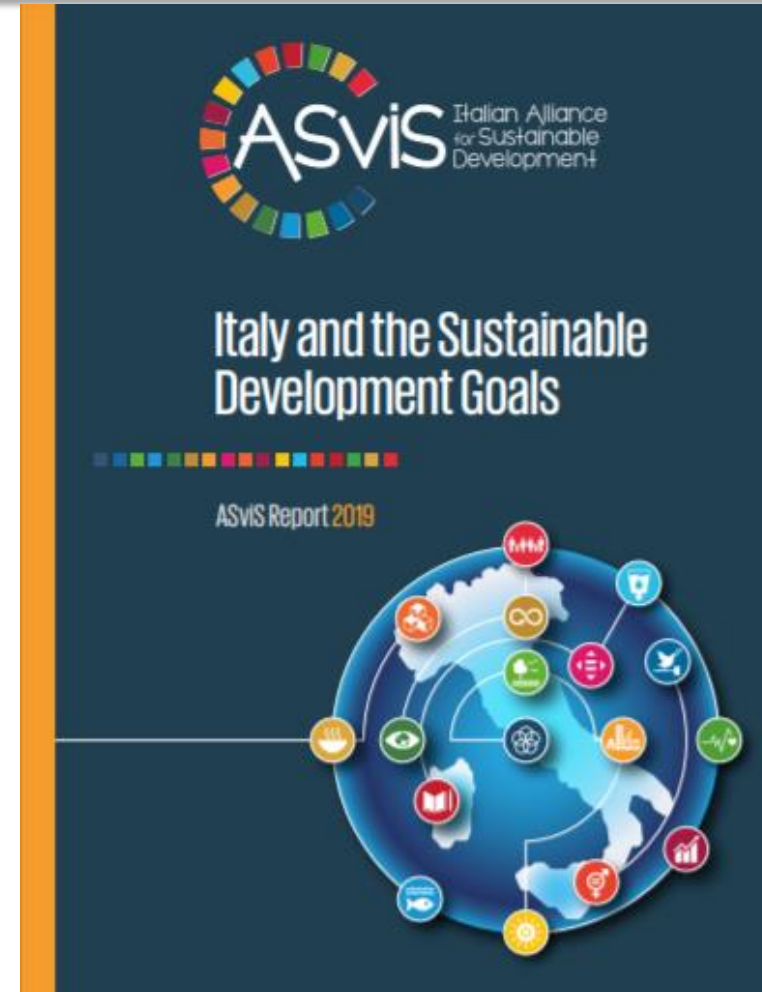
La Legge di Bilancio 2019 e lo sviluppo sostenibile

Esame dei provvedimenti e situazione dell'Italia rispetto ai 17 Obiettivi dell'Agenda 2030



The Report analyses the situation with respect to the 2030 Agenda at the global, EU, Italian and regional levels; for the latter three, it uses detailed statistical analysis for each SDG.

As of 2018, the Report is also available in English.



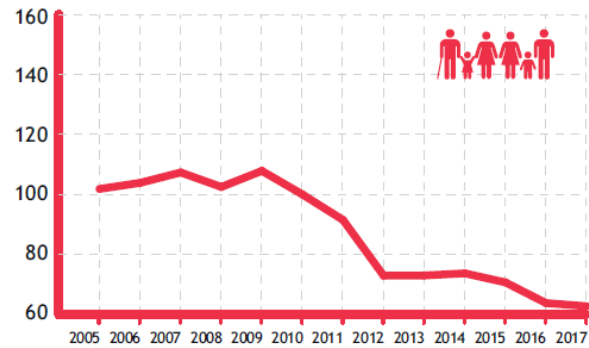
The Report is produced by the work of the over 600 experts of the Alliance's member organizations. It puts forward both cross-cutting policy proposals and specific policy proposals using seven multi-SDG areas:

- Climate change and energy
- Poverty and inequalities
- Circular economy, innovation, employment
- Human capital, health and education
- Natural capital and quality of the environment
- Cities, infrastructures and social capital
- International cooperation

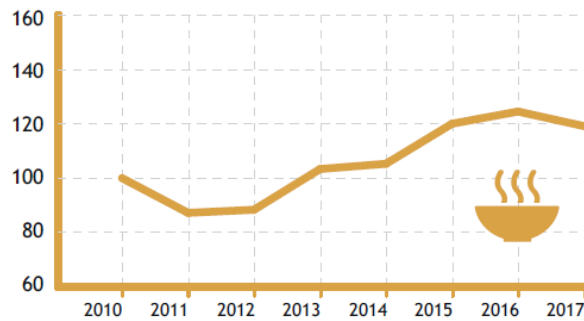


Italy and the SDGs

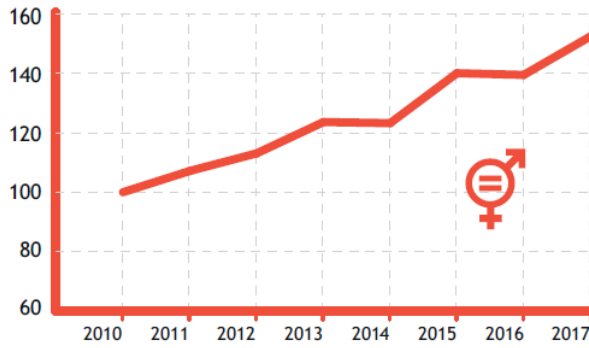
GOAL 1 End poverty in all its forms everywhere



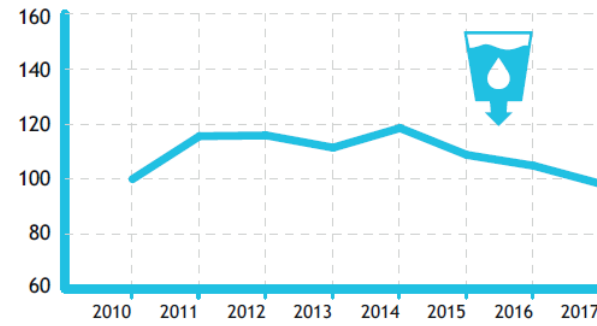
GOAL 2 End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture



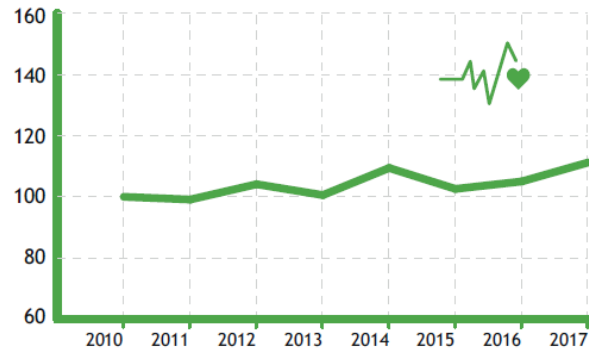
GOAL 5 Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls



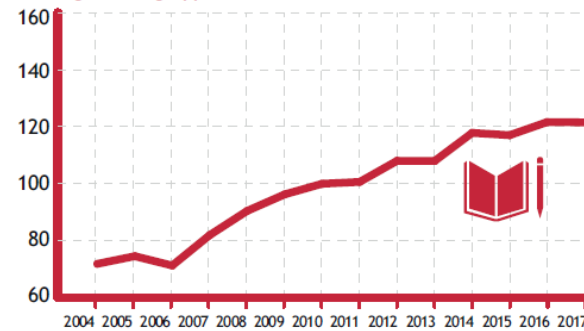
GOAL 6 Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all



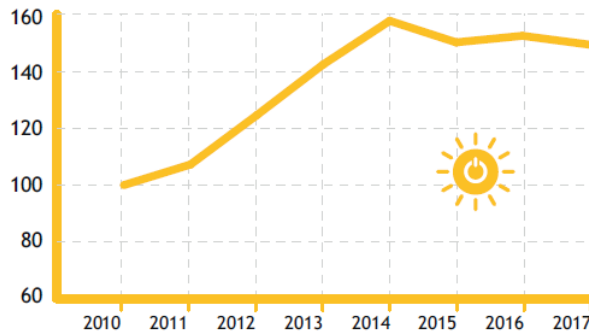
GOAL 3 Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages



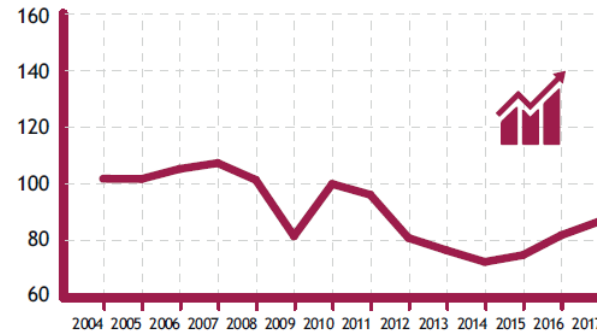
GOAL 4 Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all



GOAL 7 Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all

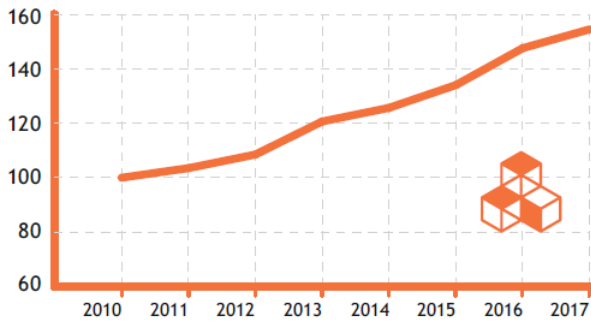


GOAL 8 Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all



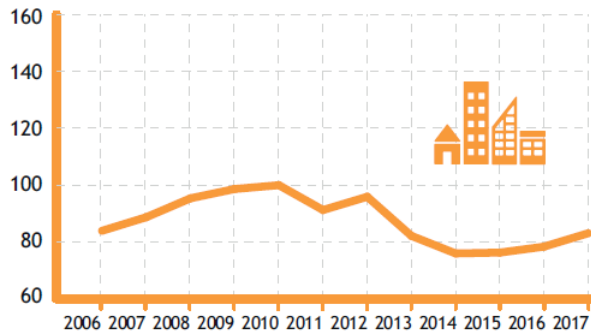
GOAL 9

Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation



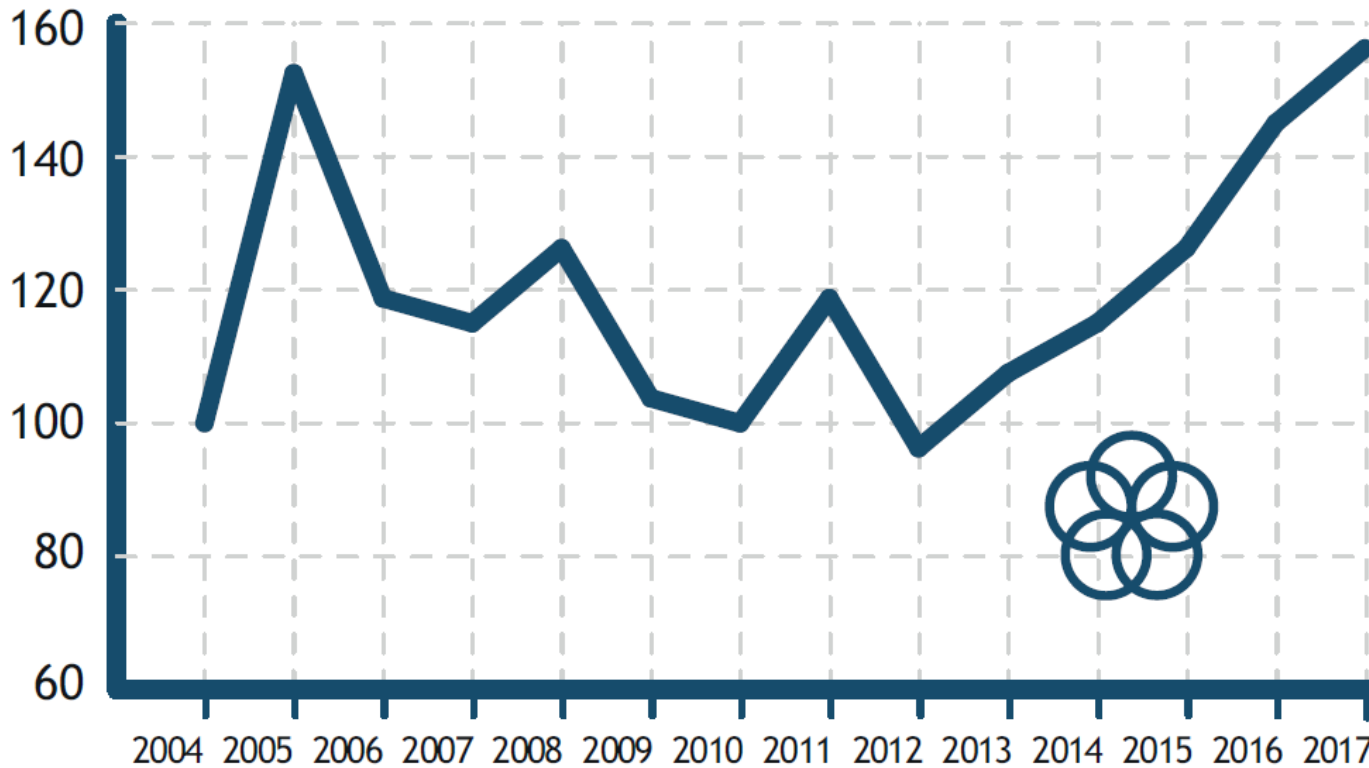
GOAL 11

Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable



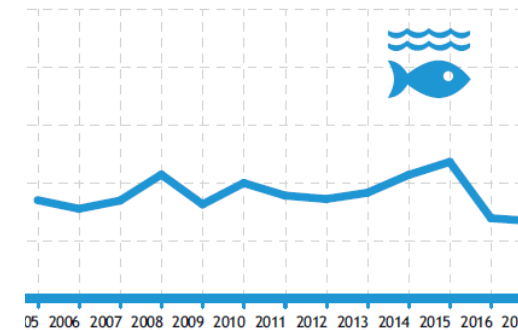
GOAL 17

Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development



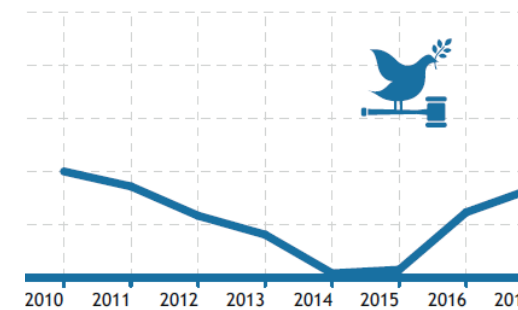
GOAL 14

Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development



GOAL 16

Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels



«Transformative» recommendations

Recommendations	Current state
1. Include the principle of sustainable development in the Constitution	Commitment taken by the second Conte government
2. Draft an effective national sustainable development strategy, to be implemented with close coordination by the Cabinet Office	The “Wellbeing Italy” steering committee set up by the first Conte government
3. Promote the establishment of a cross-party group for sustainable development within the future Parliament	Established in the Chamber of Deputies, but not in the Senate
4. Respect the Paris Accords for combating climate change, and ratify the international conventions and protocols already signed by Italy on other issues regarding sustainable development as soon as possible	National Integrated Energy and Climate Plan finalized in December 2019. It does not include the objective of achieving climate neutrality by 2050
5. Convert the Interministerial Committee for Economic Planning into an Interministerial Committee for Sustainable Development, in order to direct public investment for this purpose	Done. The reformed Committee will be operational in 2021



«Transformative» recommendations

Recommendations	Current state
6. Draft a national strategy to implement an Urban Agenda for sustainable development, and relaunch the Interministerial Committee for Urban Policies	Commitment taken by the second Conte government
7. Establish a permanent body within the Cabinet Office to consult with civil society on gender equality policies	Not established, but the second Conte government has a minister responsible for equal opportunities
8. Involve the central and local government in the coordination of sustainable development actions within the sphere of responsibility of the state, the regions and cities	Calls for tender issued by the Ministry for the Environment to encourage regions, autonomous provinces and metropolitan cities to prepare their own sustainable development strategies
9. Boost official development assistance (ODA) to achieve the goal of 0.7% of Gross National Income by 2025, in line with Italy's commitments to the United Nations	No commitments up to 2025 and reduction in ODA in 2018
10. Ensure that the European Union puts its commitment to implementing the 2030 Agenda at the heart of its new medium-term strategy	European institutions have put the 2030 Agenda at the heart of their strategies for the coming years

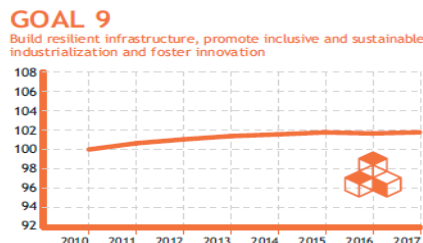
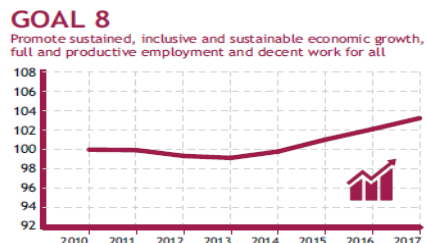
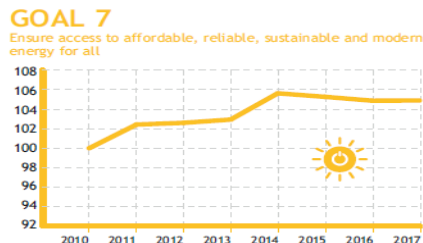
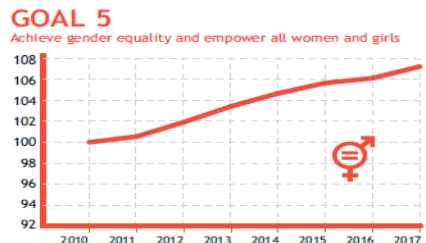
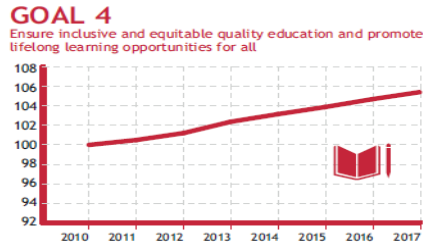
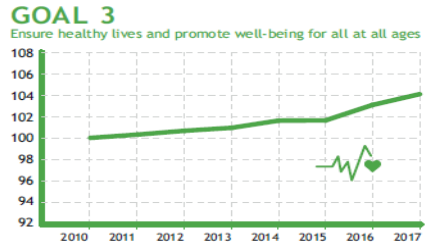
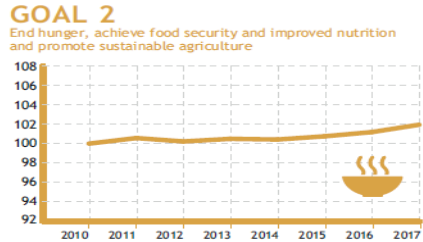
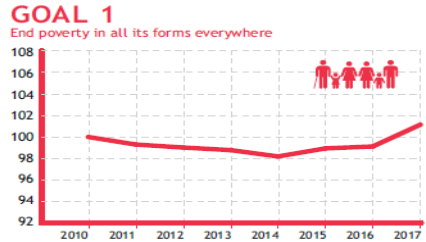


International cooperation

- Urgently revise the Three-year Development Cooperation Policy Planning and Guidance Document and convene meetings of the Interministerial Committee for Development Cooperation and the National Council for Development Cooperation.
- Strengthen partnerships with the third sector, NGOs, businesses and social partners.
- Encourage and regulate fair trade, approving the law that is currently under discussion in the Parliament.
- Adopt the European Directive on unfair trading practices between agricultural and food businesses.
- Regularly gather data on the volume of fair trade conducted as a proportion of imports from developing countries.



The EU and the SDGs

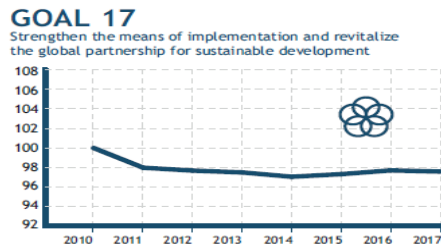
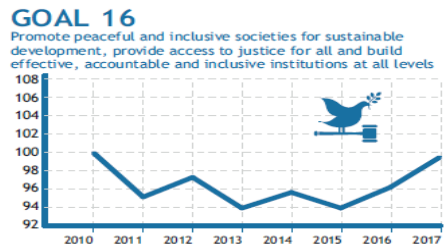
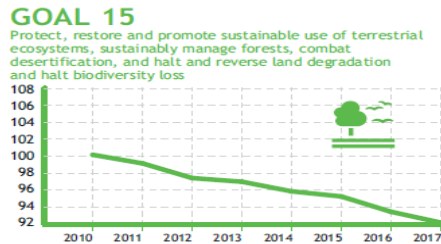
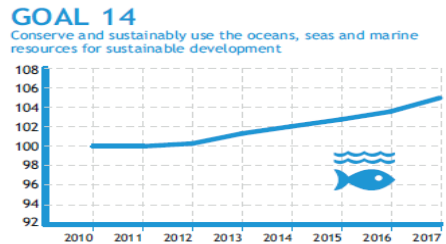
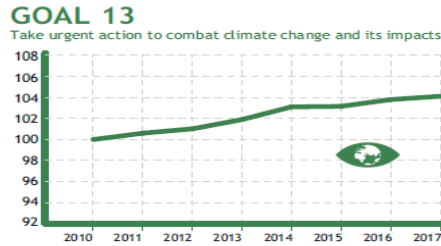
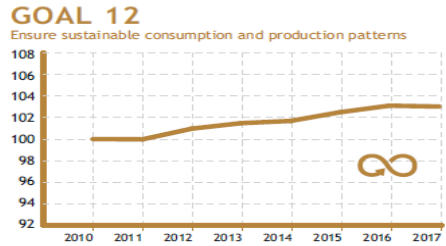
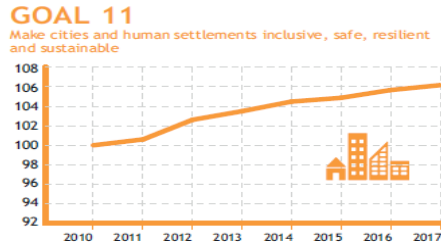
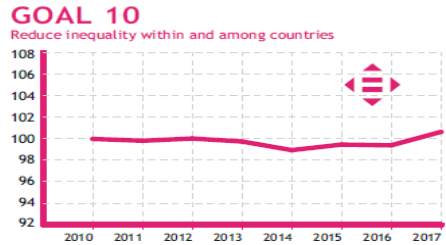


- Between 2010 and 2017:
 - Nine Goals out of 17 improve (3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 11, 12, 13 e 14);
 - Two worsen (15 e 17);
 - For five (1, 2, 9, 10 e 16) the situation remains unchanged.
- Between 2016 and 2017:
 - Improvements for ten Goals (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, 10, 11, 14 e 16);
 - Stability for five (7, 9, 12, 13 e 17);
 - A deterioration in one case (15).

For Goal 6 it was impossible to calculate a composite index



The EU and the SDGs

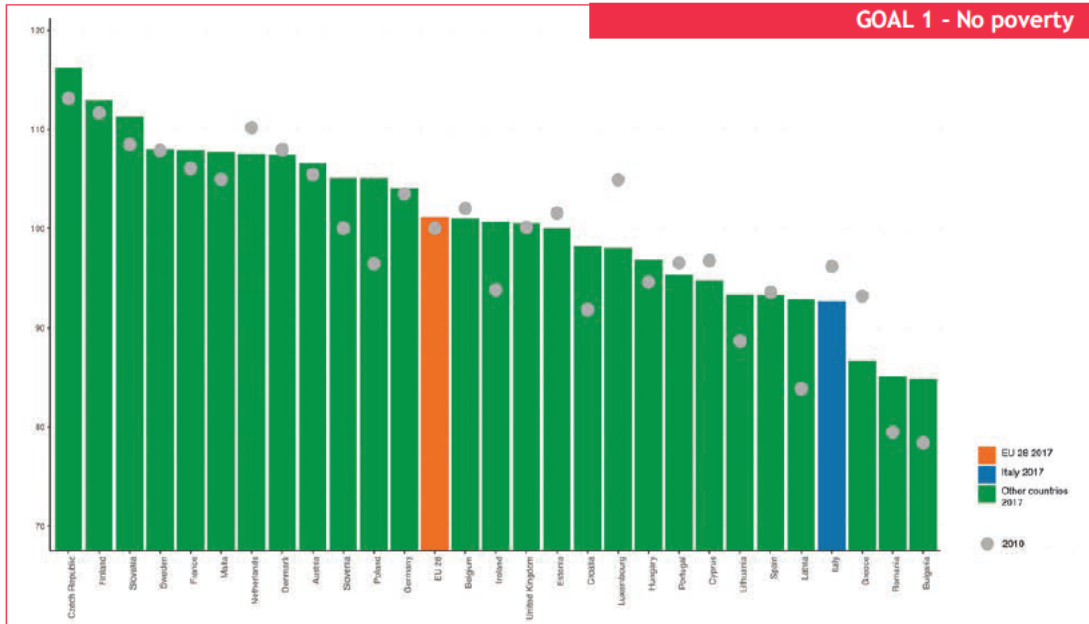


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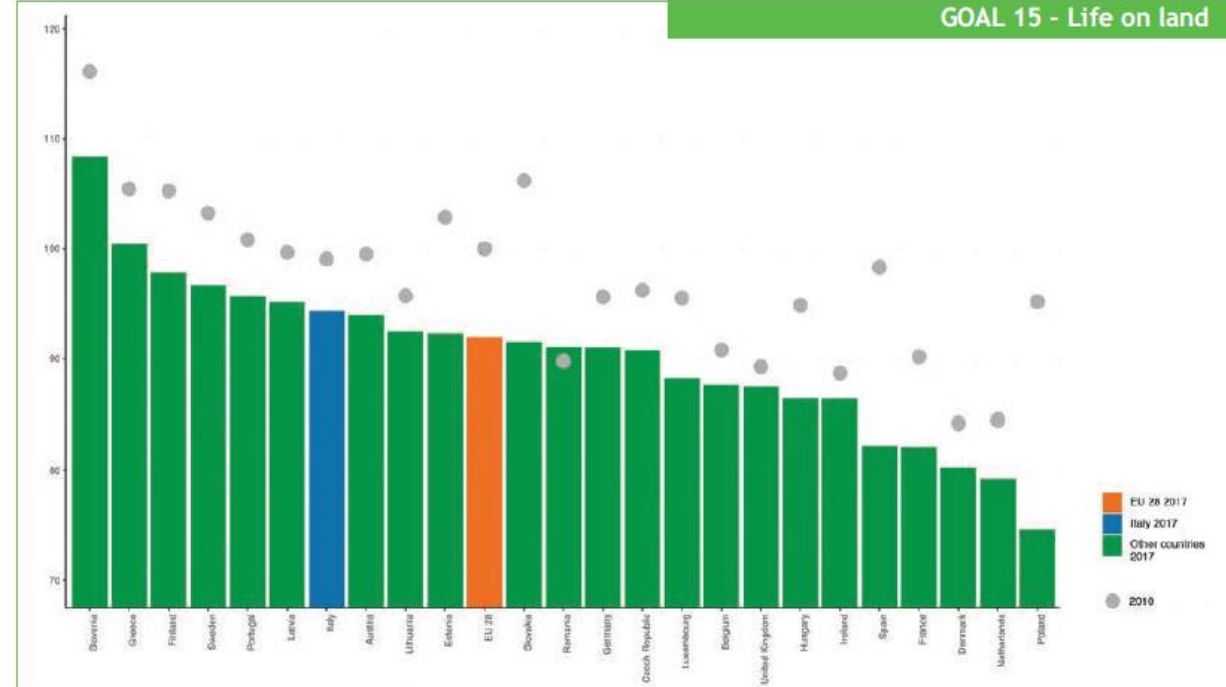


Large inequalities among EU countries



The chart highlights substantial gaps between country performances with respect to Goal 1. There is a 31.4 point difference between the composite indicator value for the best performer (Czech Republic) and that of the country at the bottom of the ranking (Bulgaria). Italy ranks twenty-fourth, ahead of Greece, Romania and Bulgaria. Between 2010 and

2017, individual country trends differ considerably. In terms of “influence”, there is a degree of homogeneity between the considered indicators, with the share of the *Population living in dwellings with a leaking roof, damp walls, floors or foundation or rot in window frames* and of *People at risk of income poverty after social transfers* being the most relevant.

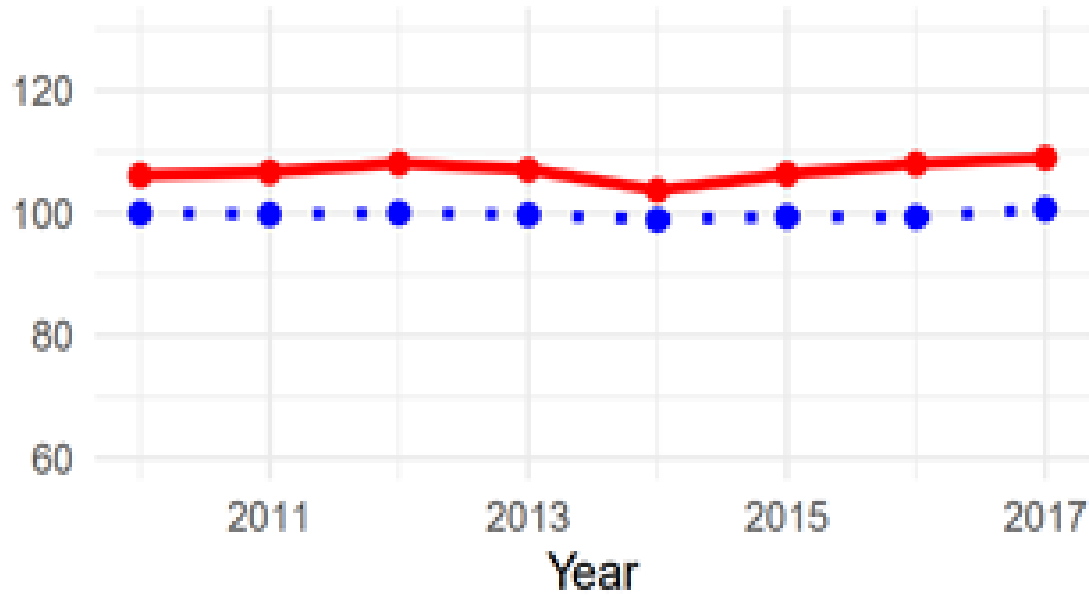


For Goal 15, Slovenia leads the ranking, with a composite indicator that is 33.7 points greater than Poland, the lowest ranked country. Italy is above the European average, but all countries, except for Romania, register a significant deterioration between 2010 and 2017.

The indicators relating to the *Soil sealing index* and the *Share of forest area* have the greatest impact on country ranking.

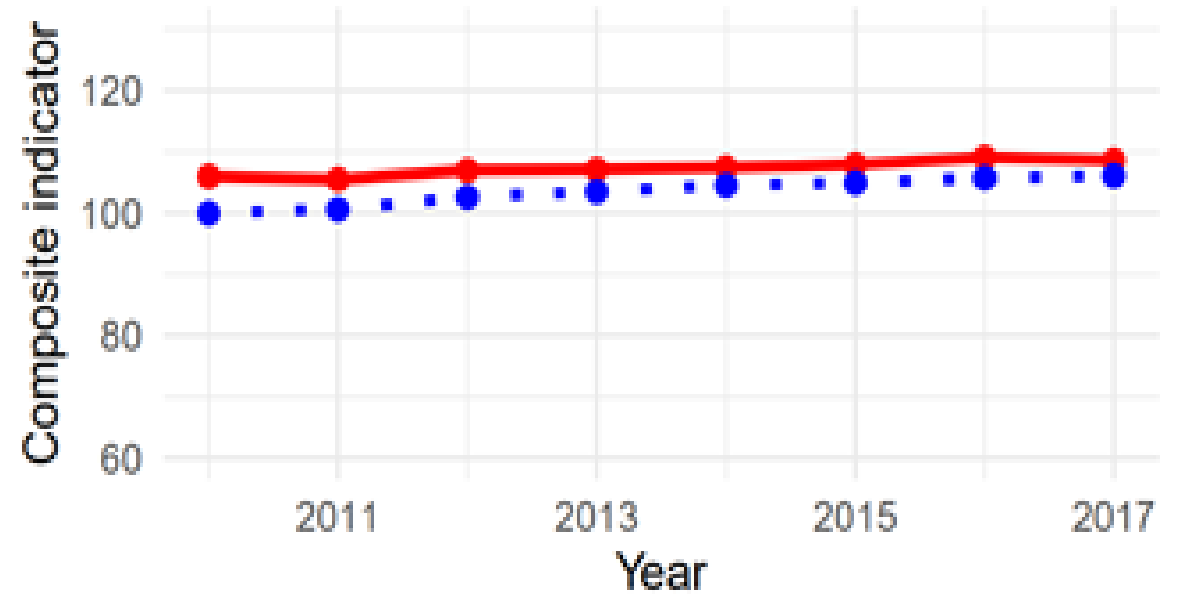
Single country analysis over time

Goal 10



COUNTRY ● EU 28 ● Germany


















Goal 11



COUNTRY ● EU 28 ● Germany

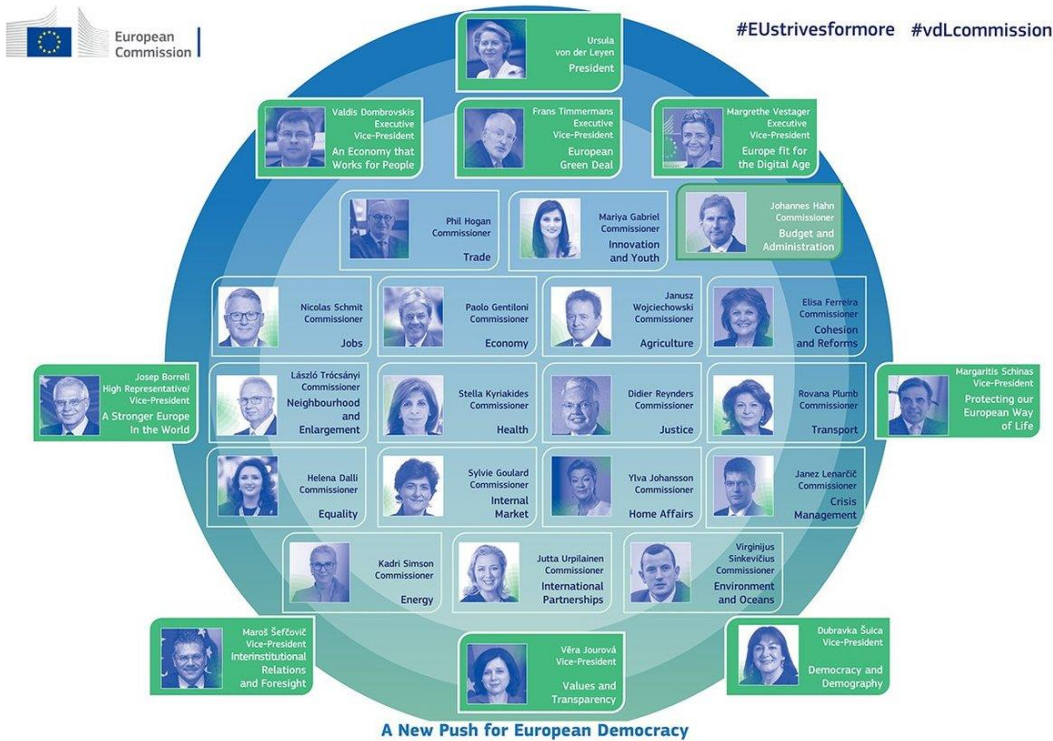


The Lisbon Treaty

1. The Union's aim is to **promote peace, its values and the well-being of its peoples.**  
2. The Union shall offer its citizens **an area of freedom, security and justice without internal frontiers...** 
3. The Union shall establish an internal market. **It shall work for the sustainable development of Europe based on balanced economic growth and price stability, a highly competitive social market economy, aiming at full employment and social progress, and a high level of protection and improvement of the quality of the environment.** It shall promote scientific and technological advance. **It shall combat social exclusion and discrimination, and shall promote social justice and protection, equality between women and men, solidarity between generations and protection of the rights of the child.** **It shall promote economic, social and territorial cohesion, and solidarity among Member States.** It shall respect its rich cultural and linguistic diversity, and shall ensure that Europe's cultural heritage is safeguarded and enhanced.             
4. **...It shall contribute to peace, security, the sustainable development of the Earth,** solidarity and mutual respect among peoples, free and fair trade, eradication of poverty and the protection of human rights, in particular the rights of the child, as well as to the strict observance and the development of international law, including respect for the principles of the United Nations Charter. 



The new EU priorities



The new European Commission put the 2030 Agenda for sustainable development at the core of its political five-year programme.

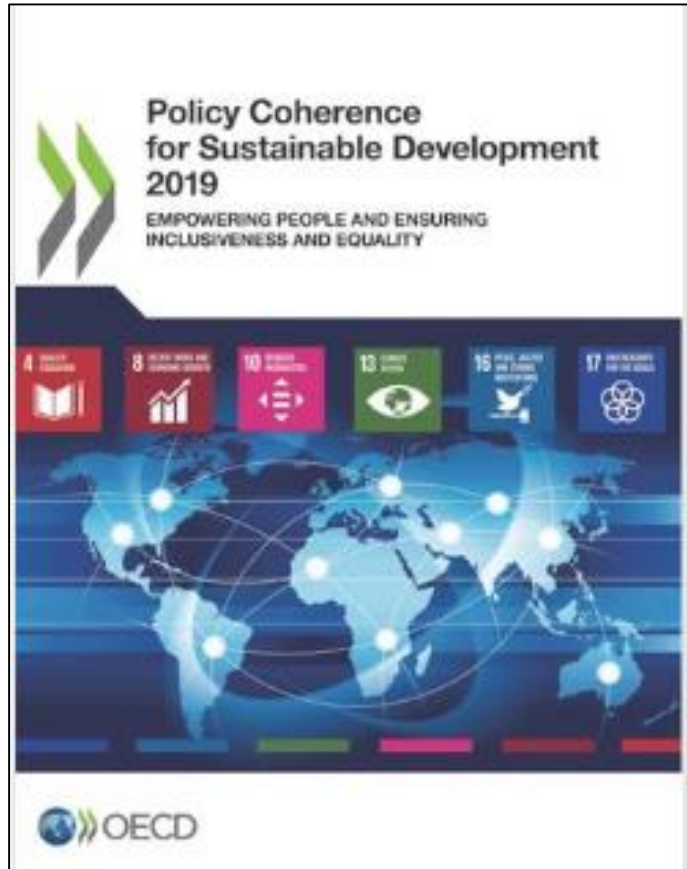
All the Vice-Presidents and the Commissioners have been mandated to achieve the SDGs in their own field of competence.

The Commission as a whole is committed to make the Union able to achieve all of them.

The European Semester has to be based on the 2030 Agenda.



A big challenge: policy coherence



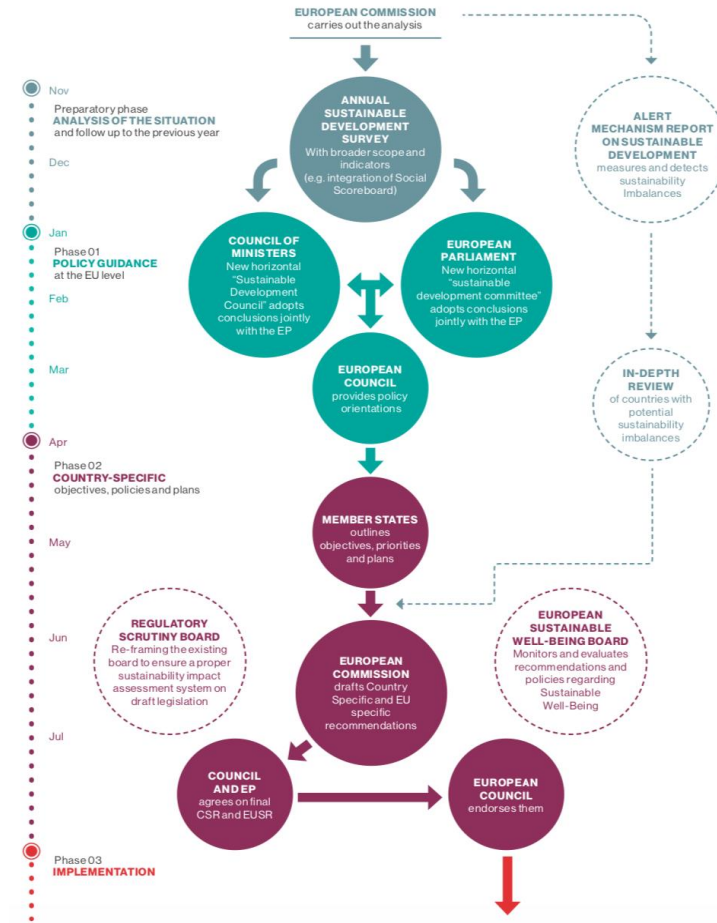
The new European Semester

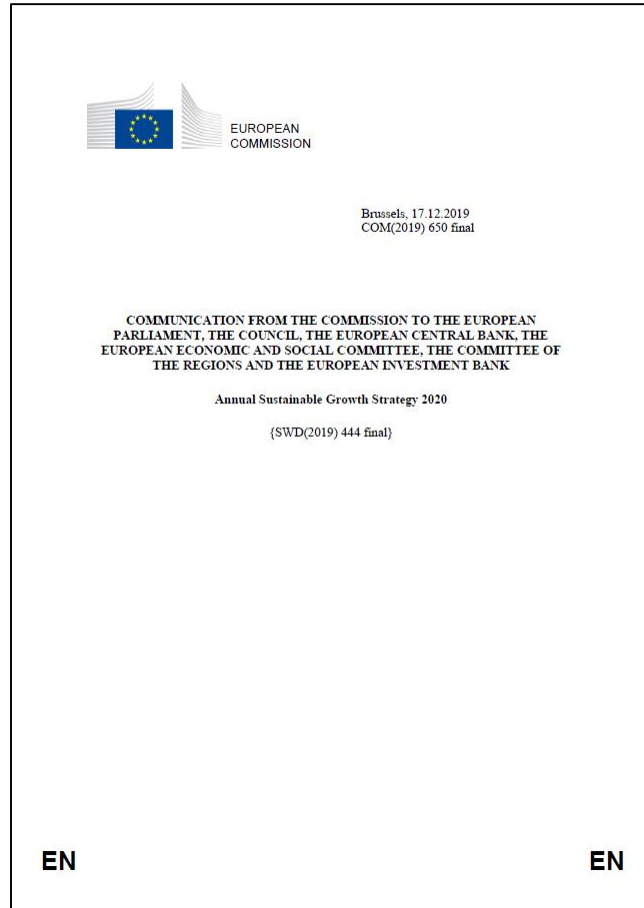
Sustainable Equality



Report of the Independent Commission for Sustainable Equality | 2019-2024

SUSTAINABLE SEMESTER PROCESS (Annual)





The refocusing of the European Semester has already started through the broader economic narrative put forward in this Annual Sustainable Growth Strategy.

It will continue with the 2020 country reports, the Commission's analysis of the Member States' social and economic situation. As a first step, the 2020 reports will feature a reinforced analysis and monitoring on the SDGs. They will include a new dedicated section focusing on environmental sustainability will be added to complement the analysis on economic and social challenges. In addition to this new section, each country report will also include a new annex setting out the individual Member States' SDG performance.



- First edition in 2017
- A unique initiative worldwide
- 17 days (20 May – 5 June)
- More than 1.000 events in 2019
- Recognized as an innovative experience by the UN SDG Action Campaign.

FESTIVAL
DELLO
SVILUPPO
SOSTENIBILE





New features for the 2020 edition:
Involvement of Italian embassies all over the world

- Involvement of foreign embassies, international organizations and UN agencies based in Italy
- A platform towards Expo Dubai 2020
- Opening event (20 May) in Parma, Italian Capital of Culture
- Closing event (5 June – World Environment Day) in Rome

www.festivalsvilupposostenibile.it



Thank you for your attention

It's time for action!

